

**Lexical Database of Estimated Age-of-Acquisition
and Familiarity Norms for 408 Portuguese Nouns**

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Based on previous work (Vicente, 2003, 2004) we created a corpus of estimated age-of-acquisition (AOA) and familiarity ratings for 408 Portuguese dissyllabic nouns selected from the Porlex, a computerized lexical database in European Portuguese representative of the adult lexicon (Gomes & Castro, 2003; total of 29,238 lexical entries).

All the nouns are dissyllabic words CV.CV with first syllable-stress, having 4 phonemes long (between 4- and 5- letters). None of them has the vowel schwa in the final position (e.g., *banho*, *fala*, *vaca*; that is, *bath*, *speech*, *cow*). They were selected from a subgroup of Portuguese dissyllabic nouns listed in Porlex because they are a good choice as verbal materials to use in experimental tasks regarding word recognition in European Portuguese. Indeed, unlike monosyllabic words, they are frequent in the adult and child lexicons (e.g., the Viana Lexicon of the productions of the 3-, 4-, and 5-year olds; Vicente, 2003; Vicente & Castro, in preparation). Also, as Vicente, Castro, and Walley (2003) showed, in Portuguese the densest words are the shortest with 4 phonemes long, which represent about 21% of the Viana database and 5% of the Porlex. This AOA & Familiarity database is in Excel format (Microsoft Corporation, 2004), contains 408 different lexical entries and provides 11 types of information (see Table 1). AOA and Familiarity data were collected in a study conducted with 200 university students (Gonzaga, Meireles, & Vicente, 2007). Other variables such as frequency and neighborhood density were also considered. Frequency counts were imported from a frequency database obtained from written material, Corlex (Nascimento et al, s.d.). Neighborhood density values were imported from the Porlex.

This standardized pool of 408 words has been used to select verbal materials to design experimental tasks in different studies concerning spoken and written word processing (Gonzaga, & Vicente, ongoing; Meireles, & Vicente, ongoing; Vicente, Lima, & Gonzaga, 2006; Vicente, Gonzaga, & Lima, 2006; Vicente & Castro, 2007; Vicente, & Castro, submitted). A paper presenting this database is in preparation.

Table 1 – Information available in the AOA & Familiarity database for each of the 408 words

Variable	Code Name	Type ^a	Content
1	#	I	Number
2	Word	S	Orthographic Wordform
3	Fot	S	Phonetic Wordform
6	NSilO	I	Orthographic Syllable Length
7	NSilF	I	Phonological Syllable Length
8	Nfom	I	Phonemic Length
9	DO	I	Orthographic Density
10	DFot	I	Phonetic Density
11	Freq	I	Frequency
12	AOA	I	Age-of-Acquisition
13	Fam	I	Familiarity

Note. Data from columns 3 to 10 was imported from Porlex. Data in column 11 was imported from Corlex.

^a Entry type: I = integer; S = string

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