elSBN: 978-1-68108-522-7 ISBN: 978-1-68108-523-4

elSSN: 2543-2397 ISSN: 2543-2389

# RECENT ADVANCES IN RENEWABLE ENERGY

**VOLUME 1** 

# MICROALGAE AS A SOURCE OF BIOENERGY: PRODUCTS, PROCESSES AND ECONOMICS



# Recent Advances in Renewable Energy

(Volume 1)

(Microalgae as a Source of Bioenergy: Products, Processes and Economics)

# **Edited by**

José Carlos Magalhães Pires

Faculty of Engineering, University of Porto, Porto, Portugal

# **Recent Advances in Renewable Energy**

Volume # 1

Microalgae as a Source of Bioenergy: Products, Processes and Economics

Editor: José Carlos Magalhães Pires

ISSN (Online): 2543-2397

ISSN: (Print): 2543-2389

ISBN (Online): 978-1-68108-522-7

ISBN (Print): 978-1-68108-523-4

©2017, Bentham eBooks imprint.

Published by Bentham Science Publishers – Sharjah, UAE. All Rights Reserved.

### BENTHAM SCIENCE PUBLISHERS LTD.

### End User License Agreement (for non-institutional, personal use)

This is an agreement between you and Bentham Science Publishers Ltd. Please read this License Agreement carefully before using the ebook/echapter/ejournal ("Work"). Your use of the Work constitutes your agreement to the terms and conditions set forth in this License Agreement. If you do not agree to these terms and conditions then you should not use the Work.

Bentham Science Publishers agrees to grant you a non-exclusive, non-transferable limited license to use the Work subject to and in accordance with the following terms and conditions. This License Agreement is for non-library, personal use only. For a library / institutional / multi user license in respect of the Work, please contact: permission@benthamscience.org.

### **Usage Rules:**

- 1. All rights reserved: The Work is the subject of copyright and Bentham Science Publishers either owns the Work (and the copyright in it) or is licensed to distribute the Work. You shall not copy, reproduce, modify, remove, delete, augment, add to, publish, transmit, sell, resell, create derivative works from, or in any way exploit the Work or make the Work available for others to do any of the same, in any form or by any means, in whole or in part, in each case without the prior written permission of Bentham Science Publishers, unless stated otherwise in this License Agreement.
- 2. You may download a copy of the Work on one occasion to one personal computer (including tablet, laptop, desktop, or other such devices). You may make one back-up copy of the Work to avoid losing it. The following DRM (Digital Rights Management) policy may also be applicable to the Work at Bentham Science Publishers' election, acting in its sole discretion:
- 25 'copy' commands can be executed every 7 days in respect of the Work. The text selected for copying cannot extend to more than a single page. Each time a text 'copy' command is executed, irrespective of whether the text selection is made from within one page or from separate pages, it will be considered as a separate / individual 'copy' command.
- 25 pages only from the Work can be printed every 7 days.
- 3. The unauthorised use or distribution of copyrighted or other proprietary content is illegal and could subject you to liability for substantial money damages. You will be liable for any damage resulting from your misuse of the Work or any violation of this License Agreement, including any infringement by you of copyrights or proprietary rights.

### Disclaimer:

Bentham Science Publishers does not guarantee that the information in the Work is error-free, or warrant that it will meet your requirements or that access to the Work will be uninterrupted or error-free. The Work is provided "as is" without warranty of any kind, either express or implied or statutory, including, without limitation, implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. The entire risk as to the results and performance of the Work is assumed by you. No responsibility is assumed by Bentham Science Publishers, its staff, editors and/or authors for any injury and/or damage to persons or property as a matter of products liability, negligence or otherwise, or from any use or operation of any methods, products instruction, advertisements or ideas contained in the Work.

### Limitation of Liability:

In no event will Bentham Science Publishers, its staff, editors and/or authors, be liable for any damages, including, without limitation, special, incidental and/or consequential damages and/or damages for lost data and/or profits arising out of (whether directly or indirectly) the use or inability to use the Work. The entire liability of Bentham Science Publishers shall be limited to the amount actually paid by you for the Work.

### General:

- 1. Any dispute or claim arising out of or in connection with this License Agreement or the Work (including non-contractual disputes or claims) will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the U.A.E. as applied in the Emirate of Dubai. Each party agrees that the courts of the Emirate of Dubai shall have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any dispute or claim arising out of or in connection with this License Agreement or the Work (including non-contractual disputes or claims).
- 2. Your rights under this License Agreement will automatically terminate without notice and without the need for a court order if at any point you breach any terms of this License Agreement. In no event will any delay or failure by Bentham Science Publishers in enforcing your compliance with this License Agreement constitute a waiver of any of its rights.
- 3. You acknowledge that you have read this License Agreement, and agree to be bound by its terms and conditions. To the extent that any other terms and conditions presented on any website of Bentham Science Publishers conflict with, or are inconsistent with, the terms and conditions set out in this License Agreement, you acknowledge that the terms and conditions set out in this License Agreement shall prevail.

### Bentham Science Publishers Ltd.

Executive Suite Y - 2 PO Box 7917, Saif Zone Sharjah, U.A.E.

Email: subscriptions@benthamscience.org



## **CONTENTS**

PREFACE i
LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS iii
PART 1 PART I ENERGY FROM MICROALGAE: PRODUCTS AND PROCESSES
CHAPTER 1 PERSPECTIVES OF ENERGY PRODUCTION FROM MICROALGAE: THE
BIODIESEL AND COGENERATION CASES1
Ectnqu'C0Ectf qpc. "Fcpkgm'Rcttc"cpf "Ugdcuk" p"Ugtpc" INTRODUCTION
Microalgae for Energy Production 3
Biofuel Production Processes from Microalgae 6
Biochemical Conversion 6
Anaerobic Digestion
Alcoholic Fermentation 9
Photobiological Hydrogen Production
Thermochemical Conversion 10
Algal Biomass to Biodiesel 12
Biorefineries 12
Challenges in the Use of Microalgae for Energy Production
SCENARIOS ANALYSIS: SIMULATION FOR COGENERATION AND BIODIESEL
CASES
CASES Cogeneration from Extraction Cake Residues 18
Biodiesel Production Using Basic Catalysis
CONCLUSION
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS 22 REFERENCES 22
CHAPTER 2 ENERGETIC PRODUCTS FROM MICROALGAE: BIOETHANOL
Ej qqp'I gnlMj qq.'Ocp'Mgg'Nco 'cpf 'Mgcv'Vgqpi 'Ngg
OVERVIEW ON THE RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENT
BIOETHANOL FROM MICROALGAE
EFFECT OF CULTIVATION CONDITIONS TO IMPROVE CARBO-HYDRATE
PRODUCTION
Effect of Sulfur 32
Effect of Nitrogen
Effect of Phosphorus
Effect of Carbon Source 34
Inorganic Carbon32
Organic Carbon
Light Intensity
CARBOHYDRATE IN MICROALGAE
Cellulose 38
Starch 38
MICROALGAE BIOETHANOL PRODUCTION
PRE-TREATMENT & HYDROLYSIS
Physical Pre-treatment 40
Chemical Pre-Treatment 41
Enzymatic Pre-treatment 41
FERMENTATION PROCESS

Separate Hydrolysis and Fermentation (SHF)	44
Simultaneous Saccharification and Fermentation (SSF)	44
Microorganism for Fermentation of Microalgae Biomass	44
PRODUCTS RECOVERY	45
CONCLUSIONS	45
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	45
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	45
REFERENCES	45
CHAPTER 3 BIOETHANOL PRODUCTION PROCESS	53
Hedkepe'T gi kpe'Zexkgt'Devkne.'Lwkepe'f g'Uqw e'Hgttgkte'epf 'Xkegro e'Nwk 'Eetf quq	
DIFFERENT ROUTES TO ETHANOL PRODUCTION	
MICROALGAE CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE BIOETHANOL PRODUCTION	55
General Algae Information	
Brown and Green Algae Used as Feedstock	
Self Fermentation or Intracellular Bioethanol Production Excreted to Supernatant	57
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE USE OF ALGAE RELATED TO	
BIOETHANOL PRODUCTION	
CONCLUDING REMARKS	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	63
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	63
CHAPTER 4 METHANE PRODUCTION PROCESS FOR MICROALGAE CONVERSION	67
Octykp'Redrq'Eerqti pq.'Gwj gt'Vqttgpu'cpf'Ej tkwqrj g'Dgpi qe	
INTRODUCTION	67
BIOGAS FROM MICROALGAE: THE HISTORY	70
THE ANAEROBIC DIGESTION PROCESS	71
Parameters Affecting AD of Microalgae	74
Substrate Characteristics	75
Mixing	77
Retention Time	77
Temperature	81
Alkalinity and pH	82
Nutrients	
Other Causes of Inhibition	83
LIMITATIONS OF MICROALGAE AS SUBSTRATES FOR AD	
Resistance of the Cell Walls	
Microalgae Concentration	
Carbon:Nitrogen Ratio	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	90
CHAPTER 5 MICROALGAE, TAKING OVER THE ROLE IN THE HYDROGEN FUTURE	98
Uwrj kWQpegn	
INTRODUCTION	98
MICROALGAE: WHEN AND WHY	
MICROALGAE: A PHOTOSYNTHETIC GREEN FACTORY	112
MICROALGAL HYDROGEN PRODUCTION CONSIDERING BOTH PROKARYOTES	
AND EUKARYOTES	114
MICROALGAL HYDROGEN PRODUCTION SYSTEMS: THE PHOTOBIOREACTORS	117

MICROALGAL HYDROGEN PRODUCTION SUCCESS STORY: THE	
CHLAMYDOMONAS CASE	
MICROALGAL HYDROGEN PRODUCTION: KEYS FOR THE FUTURE	128
CONCLUSION	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	131
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	131
REFERENCES	131
CHAPTER 6 ALGAL PRODUCTION PLATFORMS	150
Crguacpf tq"Octeq"Nk /wrlcpf "Chapt"Ngmapc/Co wpf ctckp	130
INTRODUCTION	150
IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS	
Lighting	
Mixing and Mass Transfer	
Control Systems and Construction Materials	
CULTIVATION SYSTEMS	
Pond Based Systems	
Plate Based Systems	
Horizontal Tubular Systems	
Bubble Columns	
Airlift Reactors	
PHOTOBIOREACTOR DESIGN SUMMARY	
PHOTOBIOREACTOR USE FOR BIOFUELS	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	
CHAPTER 7 USE OF FLUE GAS AS CARBON SOURCE	173
Lqti g'Crdgtvq'X0Equac.'Cftkcpq'U0C0J gptctf.'Nwk c'Oqtcgu.'Gkgrg'I 0Oqtcku.'Kqt	
UII qp±cnxgu'\capf 'O kej gng'I 00 qt cku INTRODUCTION	173
GLOBAL WARMING AND GREENHOUSE GASES	
MEASURES FOR GREENHOUSE GASES REDUCTION	
CYCLIC MICROALGAE PRODUCTION PROCESS	
POTENTIAL USE OF FLUE GASES IN MICROALGAE CULTIVATION	
FACTORS INFLUENCING CO2 FIXATION FROM FLUE GAS BY MICROALGAL	
Microalgae Strains	
CO2 Concentration in Flue Gas	
pH	
NOX, SOX and Particulate Materials	
Temperature and Light	
Mass Transfer in Bioreactors	
Bioreactor Application in CO2 Fixation by Microalgae	
CO2 BIOFIXATION METABOLISM	
BIOPRODUCTS FROM MICROALGAL BIOMASS GROWN WITH FLUE GAS	
Biofuels	
Biopigments	
Biopolymers	
CONCLUDING REMARKS	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	191

APTER 8 HARVESTING, THICKENING AND DEWATERING PROCESSES	•••••
Ftkgu'Xcpf co o g	
INTRODUCTION	
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EFFECTIVE MICROALGAE HARVESTING	
MULTI-STAGE APPROACH OF HARVESTING, THICKENING AND DEWATER	
COAGULATION-FLOCCULATION-SEDIMENTATION	
Coagulation Mechanisms	
Chemical Flocculation	
Auto/Alkaline Flocculation	
Electro-coagulation	
Bioflocculation	
Enhanced Settling	
FLOTATION	
CENTRIFUGATION	
FILTRATION	
Screening	
Membrane Filtration	
COMPARING HARVESTING METHODS	
CONCLUSION	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	
APTER 9 OIL EXTRACTION PROCESSES IN MICROALGAE	•••••
Ogpi {wg'I qpi .'[ wrkp"] w.''Uj tg{cu'[ gf cj cnk'cpf 'Co ctlggv'Dcuuk	
INTRODUCTION	
GENETIC ENGINEERING OF MICROALGAE FOR ENHANCEMENT OF LIPID	
PRODUCTION	
Lipid Production in Microalgae - Mechanism	
EXTRACTION OF LIPIDS FROM MICROALGAE	
Conventional Solvent Extraction	
Super-/Sub-Critical Solvent Extraction	
Ionic Liquid Extraction	
Novel Approaches	
CELL DISRUPTION	
Mechanical Disruption Methods	
Grinding	
Bead Milling	
High Pressure Homogenizer	
Physical or Chemical Methods	
Steam Explosion	
Autoclave	
Enzymatic Hydrolysis	
Osmotic Shock, Acid/ Alkaline Treatment	
Recent Approaches for Lipid Extraction from Microalgae	
Microwave	
LUTTASONICATION	
Ultrasonication	
Cutrasonication Pulsed Electric Field Comparison of Various Methods	

CONCLUSION	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	
PART 2 PART II: PRODUCTION AND ECONOMICS IN MICROALGAL APPLICATION	S
CHAPTER 10 RESEARCH AND DEPLOYMENT OF RENEWABLE BIOENERGY	
PRODUCTION FROM MICROALGAE	
Nkgxg'O 0N0Ncwt gpu'cpf 'O graf kg'Ej gp/I rcuugt	
INTRODUCTION	
CURRENT AND PROJECTED FUTURE ENERGY LANDSCAPE	
PROMISE AND OPPORTUNITY FOR ALGAE TECHNOLOGY	
INTERNATIONAL BIOFUELS POLICY	
GLOBAL SUPPORT FOR RESEARCH AND COMMERCIAL DEPLOYMENT	
CONCLUSION	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	
CHAPTER 11 CURRENT PRODUCTION OF MICROALGAE AT INDUSTRIAL SCALE	••••
$N_{0} = N_{0} + N_{0$	
INTRODUCTION	
ELEMENTS OF MICROALGAL CULTURE	
MICROALGAL BIOREACTORS	
OPERATIONAL MODES TO MICROALGAE CULTURE	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION OF MICROALGAL-BASED PRODUCTS	
COMPARISON BETWEEN TECHNOLOGICAL ROUTES (OPEN VS. CLOSED	
SYSTEMS)	
FRONTIERS IN INDUSTRIAL PHOTOBIOREACTORS	•••••
THE BIOECONOMY OF MICROALGAE-BASED PROCESSES AT INDUSTRIAL	
SCALE	
CONCLUSION	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	••••
CHAPTER 12 ENVIRONMENTAL APPLICATIONS OF MICROALGAE: CO2 CAPTURE	C
AND NUTRIENT RECYCLING	
Ogpi 'Y cpi	
INTRODUCTION	
N AND P REMOVAL BY ALGAE	
Mechanism of N and P Utilization by Algae	
Impact of N on Intercellular and Extracellular Compounds Production	
REACTOR CONFIGURATIONS	
Open Pond Systems	
Closed Photobioreactors	
Immobilized Algal Cultivation Systems (Algal Biofilm Reactors)	
Enhanced Algal - Prokaryotic Wastewater Treatment Systems (EAPS) for N Removal	
A CASE STUDY ON NUTRIENT RECYCLE IN A CONCENTRATED ANIMAL	
FEEDING OPERATIONS (CAFOS) ADAPTING ALGAL-BASED WASTEWATER	
TREATMENT	
CO2 CAPTURE BY ALGAE	

Impact of pH and CO2 on Algae Growth	. 305
Factors Affecting the Gas Transfer Efficiency	
Gas Supply Systems	
Airlift Photobioreactor	
Membrane Sparged Systems	
CONCLUDING REMARKS	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	. 308
CHAPTER 13 MAXIMISING VALUE: THE BIO-REFINERY CONCEPT	. 315
Fcttgp"N0Qcvg(/Tcferldlg."Vj gc"Gnkpu/Eqy ctf"cpf"Tqdgtv"Y 0Nqxkv	
INTRODUCTION	. 315
THE QUEST FOR SUSTAINABLE ALGAL MANUFACTURING	317
ARE HIGH VALUE PRODUCTS FROM ALGAL SOURCES REALISABLE?	
ASTAXANTHIN AS A MODEL PRODUCT	
CONCLUSION	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	. 328
CHAPTER 14 ENERGY AND ECONOMIC CHALLENGES IN THE GROWTH AND	
HARVESTING OF MICROALGAE. THE CHLORELLA VULGARIS CASE	. 332
F chauf 'Nat gpc 'T gust gr q' Ugt pc. 'Lwcp 'E ct rqu' I ki who 'Xa us wg/ 'cpf 'E ct rqu' Ct kgrl E ct f qpc Crf c vg	
CULTURE OF MICROALGAE TODAY	. 332
Microalgae and their Importance	332
Microalgae Chlorella vulgaris	334
Applications	
CHALLENGES IN THE PROCESS OF OIL EXTRACTION FROM MICROALGAE	336
Culture Stage	337
Harvesting Stage	. 338
Extraction Stage	. 340
PROCESS DESIGN FOR THE PRODUCTION OF OIL FROM MICROALGAE	341
Conditions for the Culture Medium	
Definition of the Harvesting Process	
Oil Extraction Method	
ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF CHLORELLA VULGARIS PRODUCTION	342
METHODOLOGY	
Definition of Variables for the Simulation Procedure	
Equipment Description	344
ANALYSIS OF THE YIELDS COMPARED WITH LITERATURE	
Economic Analysis	
CONCLUSION	
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
REFERENCES	. 349
CHAPTER 15 TECHNO-ECONOMICS OF A MICROALGAL ROUTE TO GREEN DIESEL	352
Nlp"\ j qw."Lco gu"N0O cpi cpctq"cpf "Cf gpl\( kNcy cn'	252
RENEWABLE FUELS	
BIOFUEL FEEDSTOCKS	. 353

L	ipid-based Biomass Feedstocks	353
	First Generation Lipid-Based Biomass Feedstocks	
	Second Generation Lipid-Based Biomass Feedstocks,	
	Microalgae Oil	356
	Summary of Lipid-Based Biomass Feedstocks	358
N	on-Lipid-Based Biomass Feedstocks	358
	EL PRODUCTION	359
	iodiesel Production	360
	reen Diesel Production	363
G	Green Diesel Production Pathways	363
	Green Diesel Production from Microalgae Oil	366
TECH	NO-ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF MICROALGAL ROUTE TO GREEN DIESEL	367
	NTRODUCTION	367
	rocess description	367
1.	Design Basis and Base Case	368
	Growth, Harvest and Extraction	369
	Calculation of Pond Area Productivity and Production Rate	
	Harvesting and Extraction	372
E	CONOMICS	372
E	Capital Cost	372
	Variable Costs	374
		375
	Utility Usages	375
		378
	Fixed Costs	378
	Case Studies	381
CONC	Effect of Capital Cost, Oil Content and ProductivityLUSION	383
		384
	NCLATURELICT OF INTEREST	384
	OWLEDGEMENTS	384
	RENCES	384
		304
CHAPTER 1	16 GREENHOUSE GAS BALANCES OF MICROALGAL BIOFUELS	391
	gklpf gtu	
ESTIM	ATING GREENHOUSE GAS BALANCES	391
	JATION OF AVAILABLE PEER-REVIEWED LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENTS OF	
MICRO	DALGAL BIOFUELS	392
T	he Use of Credits	394
S	ystem Boundaries	395
D	ealing with Methane	396
A	ssumptions about Microalgal Yields from Ponds	396
D	ecarbonization of Energy Supply	397
A	llocation of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Based on Prices	397
D	ealing with Uncertainty	397
	LUSION	398
CONFI	LICT OF INTEREST	398
	OWLEDGEMENTS	398
	RENCES	398
CHAPTER	TO TENIN E DOTTOM I INE ACCECCMENT OF ALCAE BIO OBJUDE	
	17 TRIPLE BOTTOM LINE ASSESSMENT OF ALGAE BIO-CRUDE	402
PRODUCTIO		402
Ct wpko d	C OCIMI	

INTRODUCTION	402
METHODOLOGY	403
A Brief Introduction to Input-Output (IO) Analysis	403
Hybird Life-Cycle Assessment	404
Hybridisation of Process Data with Input-Output Data	404
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	405
Comparison: Algae Bio-crude Supply Chain vs. Crude Oil Supply Chain	405
Triple Bottom Line Footprints of Algae Bio-crude Production	409
CONCLUDING REMARKS	409
CONFLICT OF INTEREST	410
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	410
REFERENCES	410

### **PREFACE**

The book "Microalgae as a Source of Bioenergy: Products, Processes and Economics" presents recent advances in biofuel production with microalgae. It is composed of 17 well written chapters by leading researchers in this field.

European Union (EU) defined targets for each Member State regarding climate and energy. Microalgae are considered a promising and sustainable source of energy, due to their biomass productivity and ability to capture CO<sub>2</sub>. Several research studies were performed and new procedures to reduce the biomass production cost were developed. In this context, the proposed book have the contributions of relevant researchers in microalgal research area, focusing on the energy product yields, process developments and economics.

Biodiesel is one of the most studied biofuels, which can be produced by several raw materials. Microalgal biodiesel is the third generation biofuel and it is considered the most sustainable route for the production of this renewable form of energy. Microalgae present high areal productivities and their production does not compete with food market. Besides the biodiesel production with extracted oil, the residual biomass can be used for other energetic applications, reducing the cost of each type of produced energy. Chapter 1 presents the integration of biodiesel production and cogeneration and concludes that microalgae is an economic viable energy solution, if the biorefinery concept is applied, taking part from several products that microalgae can offer. Chapter 2 presents the potential of microalgae for bioethanol production, focusing on cultivation strategies to enhance carbohydrate productivity (which is easier to break down to simple reducing sugar), biomass pre-treatment methods, and hydrolysis and fermentation process. Chapter 3 presents different routes to produce bioethanol and presents a review of the research works about bioethanol production from algae. Chapter 4 introduces the basic principles of anaerobic digestion (biogas production), particularly when using microalgae as substrate. The influence of the most important operating parameters is also described. Biohydrogen is the last focused biofuel product. Chapter 5 shows the recent progresses regarding microalgal cellular mechanisms and production processes. As biofuel should present a lower price, several strategies should be implemented to reduce the production costs. Chapter 6 shows the main characteristics of the most used configurations of photobioreactors. Chapter 7 presents CO, biofixation from industrial flue gases by microalgae, describing the microalgal metabolism. The use of CO<sub>2</sub> from this source has dual benefit: (i) reduction of biomass production cost; and (ii) mitigation of industrial emissions of CO<sub>2</sub>, which is one of the most important greenhouse gas. Harvesting, thickening and dewatering processes represent a significant cost in the production of microalgal biomass. Chapter 8 gives an overview of the related technologies, presenting their advantages. Chapter 9 summarizes recent developments in microalgal oil extraction processes, including drying methods, cell disruption methods, conventional or supercritical solvent extraction methods, and recent approaches for direct biodiesel production.

Concerning the current production and economics of microalgal production, Chapter 10 places international energy policy in the context of the current and projected energy landscape. It gives an overview of the global and commercially installed infrastructure. Some important research projects are also presented. Chapter 11 presents a current view of the commercial production of microalgae cultivation at a large scale worldwide. It also presents the main variables that influence microalgal cultures and compares different types of photobioreactors. Chapter 12 describes the environmental applications of microalgae: CO<sub>2</sub> capture and nutrient recycling. Mechanisms of assimilation of nitrogen and phosphorus are discussed in this chapter. Configurations of photobioreactors are compared in terms of

wastewater treatment enhancement (and downstream processes) and improving mass transfer of CO<sub>2</sub> from the gaseous stream to the culture. Chapter 13 presents a wide range of products obtained from microalgal biomass (biorefinery context) that can enhance the economic viability of biofuel production. Chapter 14 performs a techno-economic assessment of microalgal oil production. Process modelling was performed through simulation software Aspen Plus. Chapter 15 reviews biofuel production from different feedstocks, focusing on the techno-economic challenges. Sensitivity analysis was performed to examine the economic parameters are the sales price was highly dependent on algae doubling time. Chapter 16 presents a life cycle assessment of the greenhouse gases of microalgal biofuels. Chapter 17 shows the results of the triple bottom line (for sustainability evaluation) assessment of algal bio-crude production. The considered stages in the analysis are the cultivation of algae, extraction of bio-crude and transport of bio-crude to a refinery. A region of Australia was selected for algae production. The results show that algae bio-crude production is more sustainable than crude oil production.

I would like to thank all the authors for their efforts in writing such excellent chapters. I also acknowledge the entire team of Bentham Science Publishers, particularly Ms. Fariya Zulfiqar (Assistant Manager Publications) due to the important orientations at different stages in the publication of the book. I am confident that this book will attract the attention of researchers and professionals of microalgal biofuel production.

José Carlos Magalhães Pires
Faculty of Engineering
University of Porto
Porto
Portugal

## **List of Contributors**

Adeniyi Lawal Department of Chemical Engineering and Materials Science, Stevens

Institute of Technology, Cole Eye Institute, Cleveland Clinic 9500

Euclid Ave, Hoboken, NJ 07030, United States

Adriano S.A. Henrard Laboratory of Microbiology and Biochemistry, College of Chemistry

and Food Engineering, Federal University of Rio Grande, P.O. Box

474, Av. Itália km 8, 96203-900 Rio Grande, RS, Brazil

Aitor Lekuona-Amundarain Tecnalia Research and Innovation, Leonardo Da Vinci 11, E-01510,

Miñano, (Araba), Spain

Alessandro Marco Lizzul Department of Environmental Engineering, University College London,

Gower Street, WC1E 6BT, London, United Kingdom

Amarjeet Bassi Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, Faculty of

Engineering, Western University, London ON N6A 5B9, Canada

Arunima Malik ISA, School of Physics A28, The University of Sydney, NSW 2006,

Sydney, Australia

Carlos A. Cardona Group of Chemical, Catalytic and Biotechnological Processes, Institute

of Biotechnology and Agroindustry. Department of Chemical Engineering, Universidad Nacional de Colombia – Sede Manizales. Cra.

27 No. 64-60, Manizales, Colombia

Choon Gek Khoo School of Chemical Engineering, Universiti Sains Malaysia,

Engineering Campus, Seri Ampangan, 14300 Nibong Tebal, Pulau

Pinang, Malaysia

Christophe Bengoa Departament d'Enginyeria Química, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, Av.

Països Catalans, 26, 43007 Tarragona, Spain

Daissy Lorena Restrepo Serna Instituto de Biotecnología y Agroindustria, Departamento de Ingeniería

Química, Universidad Nacional de Colombia, Manizales campus,

Manizales, Colombia

Daniela Parra Group of Chemical, Catalytic and Biotechnological Processes. Institute

of Biotechnology and Agroindustry. Department of Chemical Engineering, Universidad Nacional de Colombia – Sede Manizales. Cra.

27 No. 64-60, Manizales, Colombia

Darren L. Oatley-Radcliffe Centre for Water Advanced Technologies and Environmental Research

(CWATER), College of Engineering, Swansea University, Fabian Way,

Swansea SA1 8EN, UK;

Membranology Ltd., Charter Court, Phoenix Way, Enterprise Park,

Swansea, SA79FS, UK

Dries Vandamme KU Leuven Campus Kulak, Laboratory for Aquatic Biology, E.

Sabbelaan 53, 8500 Kortrijk, Belgium

**Eduardo Jacob-Lopes** Food Science and Technology Department, Federal University of Santa

Maria, UFSM, Roraima Avenue 1000, 97105-900, Santa Maria, RS,

Brazil

**Esther Torrens** Departament d'Enginyeria Química, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, Av.

Països Catalans, 26, 43007 Tarragona, Spain

Etiele G. Morais Laboratory of Biochemical Engineering, College of Chemistry and

Food Engineering, Federal University of Rio Grande, P.O. Box 474,

Av. Itália km 8, 96203-900 Rio Grande, RS, Brazil

Fabiana Regina Xavier

**Batista** 

School of Chemical Engineering, Federal University of Uberlandia,

Uberlandia/MG, Brazil

Igor S. Gonçalves Laboratory of Microbiology and Biochemistry, College of Chemistry

and Food Engineering, Federal University of Rio Grande, P.O. Box

474, Av. Itália km 8, 96203-900 Rio Grande, RS, Brazil

James L. Manganaro Department of Chemical Engineering and Materials Science, Stevens

Institute of Technology, Hoboken, NJ 07030, United States

Jorge Alberto V. Costa Laboratory of Biochemical Engineering, College of Chemistry and

Food Engineering, Federal University of Rio Grande, P.O. Box 474,

Av. Itália km 8, 96203-900 Rio Grande, RS, Brazil

Juan Carlos Higuita Vásquez Instituto de Biotecnología y Agroindustria, Departamento de Ingeniería

Química, Universidad Nacional de Colombia, Manizales campus,

Manizales, Colombia

Juliana de Souza Ferreira School of Chemical Engineering, Federal University of Uberlandia,

Uberlandia/MG, Brazil

Keat Teong Lee School of Chemical Engineering, Universiti Sains Malaysia,

Engineering Campus, Seri Ampangan, 14300 Nibong Tebal, Pulau

Pinang, Malaysia

Leila Queiroz Zepka Food Science and Technology Department, Federal University of Santa

Maria, UFSM, Roraima Avenue 1000, 97105-900, Santa Maria, RS,

Brazil

**Lieve M.L. Laurens** National Bioenergy Center, National Renewable Energy Laboratory,

Golden, CO 80401, USA

**Lin Zhou** Department of Chemical Engineering and Materials Science, Stevens

Institute of Technology, Hoboken, NJ 07030, United States

**Lucas Reijnders** IBED, University of Amsterdam, Science Park 904, PO box 94248, 10

GE Amsterdam, the Netherlands

Luis G. Ramírez-Mérida Applied Biotechnology Center, Department of Biology, University of

Carabobo, Universidad Avenue, 2002, Valencia, Edo. Carabobo,

Venezuela

Luiza Moraes Laboratory of Biochemical Engineering, College of Chemistry and

Food Engineering, Federal University of Rio Grande, P.O. Box 474,

Av. Itália km 8, 96203-900 Rio Grande, RS, Brazil

Man Kee Lam Chemical Engineering Department, Universiti Teknologi PETRONAS,

32610 Bandar Seri Iskandar, Perak, Malaysia

Martin Pablo Caporgno Departament d'Enginyeria Química, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, Av.

Països Catalans, 26, 43007 Tarragona, Spain

Melodie Chen-Glasser National Bioenergy Center, National Renewable Energy Laboratory,

Golden, CO 80401, USA

Meng Wang Civil and Environmental Engineering, University of South Florida,

Tampa, USA

Mengyue Gong Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, Faculty of

Engineering, Western University, London ON N6A 5B9, Canada

Michele G. Morais Laboratory of Microbiology and Biochemistry, College of Chemistry

and Food Engineering, Federal University of Rio Grande, P.O. Box

474, Av. Itália km 8, 96203-900 Rio Grande, RS, Brazil

Robert W. Lovitt Centre for Water Advanced Technologies and Environmental Research

(CWATER), College of Engineering, Swansea University, Fabian Way,

Swansea SA1 8EN, UK

Membranology Ltd., Charter Court, Phoenix Way, Enterprise Park,

Swansea, SA79FS, UK

Sebastián Serna Group of Chemical, Catalytic and Biotechnological Processes, Institute

of Biotechnology and Agroindustry. Department of Chemical Engineering, Universidad Nacional de Colombia – Sede Manizales. Cra.

27 No. 64-60, Manizales, Colombia

Shreyas Yedahalli Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, Faculty of

Engineering, Western University, London ON N6A 5B9, Canada

Suphi S. Oncel Department of Bioengineering, Engineering Faculty, Ege University,

Izmir, Turkey

**Thea Ekins-Coward** Centre for Water Advanced Technologies and Environmental Research

(CWATER), College of Engineering, Swansea University, Fabian Way,

Swansea SA1 8EN, UK

Vicelma Luiz Cardoso School of Chemical Engineering, Federal University of Uberlandia,

Uberlandia/MG, Brazil

Yulin Hu Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, Faculty of

Engineering, Western University, London ON N6A 5B9, Canada