











Twelfth International Conference on Culinary Arts and Sciences

Editors:

M. Michaud

A. Giboreau

A. Perez-Cueto

The Worshipful Company of Cooks
&
The Institut Paul Bocuse Research Center





MENU, FOOD & HOSPITALITY MAGAZINE



VOLUME 10 - SPECIAL ISSUE

REPORT OF ICCAS PROCEEDINGS

Twelfth International Conference on Culinary Arts and Sciences







TWELFTH ICCAS INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CULINARY ARTS AND SCIENCES

Lyon, 2 – 3 June, 2022

ORGANISING COMMITTEE

Maxime Michaud & Agnès Giboreau
Institut Paul Bocuse Research Center
Armando Perez-Cueto
Umeå University

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

Jeffery Bray Bournemouth University, UK Luis Cunha Universidade do Porto, PT **Charles Feldman** Montclair State University, US **Kai Victor Hansen** Stavanger University, NO **Sara Rodrigues** Universidade do Porto, PT **Jorge Ruiz Carrascal** Universidad de Extramadura, ES **Laure Saulais** Université Laval, CA **Rosaluz Valda-Romero** Universidade del Vallee Cochabamba, BO **Karen Walton** University of Wollongong, AU **Karin Wendin**

Kristianstad University, SE

Organized by the Institut Paul Bocuse Research Center &

Supported by the Worshipful Company of Chefs, The Lyon Metropole, Lyon 2

University and the TrAlim Chair

Food@work: adequacy of food consumption according to the Portuguese food guide

João Lima^{1,2,3}, Eduarda Costa¹, Ada Rocha^{4,2}

¹Polytechnic Institute of Coimbra - Coimbra Health School, Coimbra, Portugal. ²GreenUPorto, Porto, Portugal. ³ciTechCare, Leiria, Portugal. ⁴Faculty of Nutrition and Food Sciences - University of Porto, Porto, Portugal

Introduction

Food consumption presente a key pillars in terms of health promoting and healthy eating, combining the quality of the food eaten, the quantity and variety. These principles are included in national food guides.

Objective

To analyse the adequacy of food consumption according to the Portuguese food guide and the association between sociodemographic characteristics, such as gender, function and academic qualifications and food consumption among employees of a Portuguese University.

Methods

Data collection was carried out face-to-face, by a nutritionist that inquired individuals about food consumption in the previous 24h. It was considered only food consumption from normal intake days. All ethical procedures was considered and an ethical committee approved the research. Statistical analysis was conducted was performed using SPSS software. A critical significance level of 5% was considered.

Results

It was observed an inadequate consumption of all groups of the Portuguese Food Guide, except in the groups of 'Cereals, Tubers and Derivatives' and 'Oils and Fats'. Individuals with a higher level of education tend to consume more "Fruit", "Vegetables", "Meat, Fish and Eggs" and "Dairy Products". Males had a higher consumption of "Meat, Fish and Eggs" and "Cereals, Tubers and derivatives" than females.

Conclusions

Sociodemographic characteristics are associated with food consumption but varied according to the food group. In general, the eating habits of the employees of a Portuguese University are do not comply with the reccomendations from the Portuguese Food Guide.