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The Big O: Discovering the Differences Between Multi-Orgasmic, Single-Orgasmic and Anorgasmic Women

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Introduction & Objectives: As science has demonstrated, sexuality has a significant impact on human lives, as it influences the level of comfort with oneself and with a partner. Experiencing orgasms for women is considered a sexual peak experience, and is of significant importance as achieving the climax is associated to more positive affect during sexual activities, more satisfaction with mental health, and more marital happiness. There are different types of female orgasm but there is a lack of scientific research concerning the comparison of these.

Method & Sample: The present study aims to explore the differences between women that experience either singular orgasms, multiple ones or suffer from anorgasmia. More specifically, we will investigate differences between women that experience one of these three types of orgasm on mindfulness, body image, sexual sensation seeking, communication with partner and sexual satisfaction. In order to conduct this study, an online survey, using various questionnaires will be performed, using 300 participants of the female gender, equally divided between groups of different climax experiences.

Results: It is expected that the three categories of women will show significant differences on the several variables, while it is assumed that the multiorgasmic group will show the highest level of sexual sensation seeking compared to the other two groups, as well as a more positive body image, better-partnered communication, higher levels of mindfulness and better sexual satisfaction. On the other hand, anorgasmic women are expected to score the lowest on these elements. As the collection of data is still in progress, results will be available in the Congress.

Conclusions: The present study will contribute to the conceptualization of female orgasm and will contribute to a better understanding of the difficulties related to this phenomenon. The results may have specific implications for the assessment and treatment of orgasmic disorders.

Keywords: orgasm, mindfulness, sexual sensation seeking

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Preliminary Study on the Incidence of Sexual Difficulties and Urinary Incontinence in Patients Undergoing Radical Prostatectomy

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Introduction & Objectives: Radical prostatectomy is considered the treatment of choice for localized prostate cancer but postoperative complications, including urinary incontinence and the loss of sexual function, are frequently reported by men undergoing surgery. In order to further develop more comprehensive and

effective treatments as a means of assisting men undergoing radical prostatectomy in the recovery of sexual and urinary function, it is crucial to determine the extent to which sexual and urinary problems are present after surgery. The objective of the present study is to