

follow.up: University of Porto news aggregator

<u>Tiago Devezas</u>¹ • Sérgio Nunes² • Bruno Giesteira³

¹ Communication Sciences Program, University of Porto, Portugal

² Department of Informatics, Faculty of Engineering, University of Porto, Portugal
 ³ Department of Design, Faculty of Fine Arts, University of Porto, Portugal

Motivation and goals

The University of Porto (UP) is a large organization, with dozens of organic units, each one publishing independently several articles per day. This hinders information consumption and potentiates content duplication.

We aim to minimize both these problems by:

Collecting, storing and consolidating all the information on a database.
Developing a centralized access point to all the published articles.

Topics

The number of topics identified (56) doesn't match the number of channels (108) because there are several repeated ones. About 71% of all articles were published under 10 topics while the bottom 10 topics

Topic	Articles	Sources with topic
Geral	887	9
Eventos	882	11
Provas Académicas	592	3
Notícias FEUP	385	1
Alunos	321	3
Notícias Gerais	280	1
Eventos Científicos	212	4

Methodology

The data collection process started on June 2012. A database stores all the articles published through the RSS channels available on the SIGARRA platform of 15 UP organic units. Associated data, like the topic, channel and source the article was published under is also stored.

So far we've collected more than 6,000 articles published under 56 distinct topics through 108 channels from 15 sources.



didn't even achieve 1%.

Topic	Sources with topic	Articles
Eventos	11	882
Geral	9	887
Ensino	5	118
Eventos Científicos	4	212
Informações	4	158
Eventos Culturais	4	108
Provas Académicas	3	592
Alunos	3	321
Eventos Académicos	3	189
Recrutamentos	3	66

Eventos Académicos	189	3
Destaques	185	1
Informações	158	4
I&D	6	1
GEEA	5	1
GEEA - Eventos	4	1
FAUP	3	1
Boletim Informativo	3	1
Serviços Administrativos	2	1
Provas Académicas - Agre	egação 2	1
Edições	2	1
I&D - Programas	1	1
Divulgação	1	1

Table 2: The 10 topics belonging to more sources and number of articles published by them

Table 3: The 10 topics with the most and least articles published and the number of sources with that topic

Articles published by month and by hour

November 2012 was the month with the most articles published (982), while August had only 431. The majority of the sources showed similar behavior.

Figure 1: Data collection process (exemplified here with only one source)

Analysis

Between June 1st 2012 and January 31st 2013, we analyzed the information collected to understand the volume and dynamics of the data published.





Figure 3: Articles published by month (all sources)

As for the hourly data, we identified a main publishing period that goes from 06:00 to 21:00, with some residual publishing activity outside this period.



Figure 2: Channels, articles and ratio articles/channels by source (circle size represents articles published)

Sources

Almost half (49%) of all the 5755 articles published during the period in question belonged to five sources: FEUP, FMUP, FLUP, FCUP and ICBAS. The five least productive sources - FMDUP, FADEUP, FCNAUP, REITORIA and FFUP accounted for about 13% of all published articles.

Source	Channels	Articles	Ratio articles/channels	Daily average	Monthly average
FEUP	12	812	67.67	5.93	101.5
FMUP	12	802	66.83	6.27	100.25
FLUP	8	722	90.25	5.6	90.25
FCUP	12	513	42.75	5.29	64.13
ICBAS	5	478	95.6	4.43	59.75
FPCEUP	12	429	35.75	4.21	53.63
FAUP	7	398	56.86	3.69	49.75
FEP	7	375	53.57	3.87	46.88
FBAUP	3	248	82.67	2.56	31
FDUP	5	216	43.2	2.45	27
FFUP	11	203	18.45	2.57	25.38
REITORIA	6	180	30	3.83	22.5
FCNAUP	3	178	59.33	2.83	22.25
FADEUP	2	149	74.5	2.04	18.63
FMDUP	3	52	17.33	1.68	13
All	108	5755	53.29	3.82	48.39

Table 1: Channels, articles, ratio articles/channels, daily and monthly average by source

Figure 4: Articles published by hour (all sources)

Future work

Based on the data collected and subsequent analysis, we are currently working on the design of the interface for the web-based system. We already have an initial prototype online.