

ACTING FOR A PLURIVERSE CHANGE

(BETWEEN TEACHING AND DESIGN PRACTICE IN DESIGN)









CHANGE DESIGN and/or SOCIETY?





"Loaded question of whether design can change society raises the concern if we are going beyond the scope of what design can actually achieve. The answer depends on what we understand as change and what demands arise with this understanding. A likely, if quick, answer: society changes design rather than the other way around. Design does indeed profoundly influence and change day-to-day life in society, but how deep the changes go and can reach remains a matter of debate."

Gui Bonsiepe (2022) in The Disobedience of Design





EMPATHY and HUMILITY





"Empathy in design requires deliberate practice. We must intentionally seek opportunities to connect with people in meaningful ways and to set aside reactions and behaviors that will interfere with it. And, once empathy is achieved, it needs to be moderated: apply too much and our thinking loses focus; apply too little and the depth of our insight suffers."

Battarbee, Suri & Howard (2014)

"Designing for experience requires awareness and empathy for sensory experience, emotion and action, as well as for the evolving values and meaning in products and their social, material and cultural contexts.

Researchers have had to develop new tools and practices for designing for experience (Buchenau and Fulton Suri, 2000; Sanders 2001)."

Battarbee & Koskinen (2008)

*Battarbee, K., Suri, J. F., & Howard, S. G. (2014). Empathy on the edge: scaling and sustaining a human-centered approach in the evolving practice of design. IDEO. http://www.ideo.com/images/uploads/news/pdfs/Empathy_on_the_Edge.pdf.
*Battarbee, K., & KOSKINEN, I. (2008). Co-experience: Product experience as social interaction. In *Product experience* (pp. 461-476). Elsevier.



CONTEXT and **TIME**





"Independent from their surroundings and social context, humans are biologically equipped with a number of systems that make it possible for them to interact with their environment: A motor system to act upon the environment; sensory systems to perceive changes in the environment; and a cognitive system to make sense of the environment and to plan actions."

Hekkert & Schifferstein (2008)













Hinamatsuri project
Porto/Kyoto 2014



Design(ing) with children

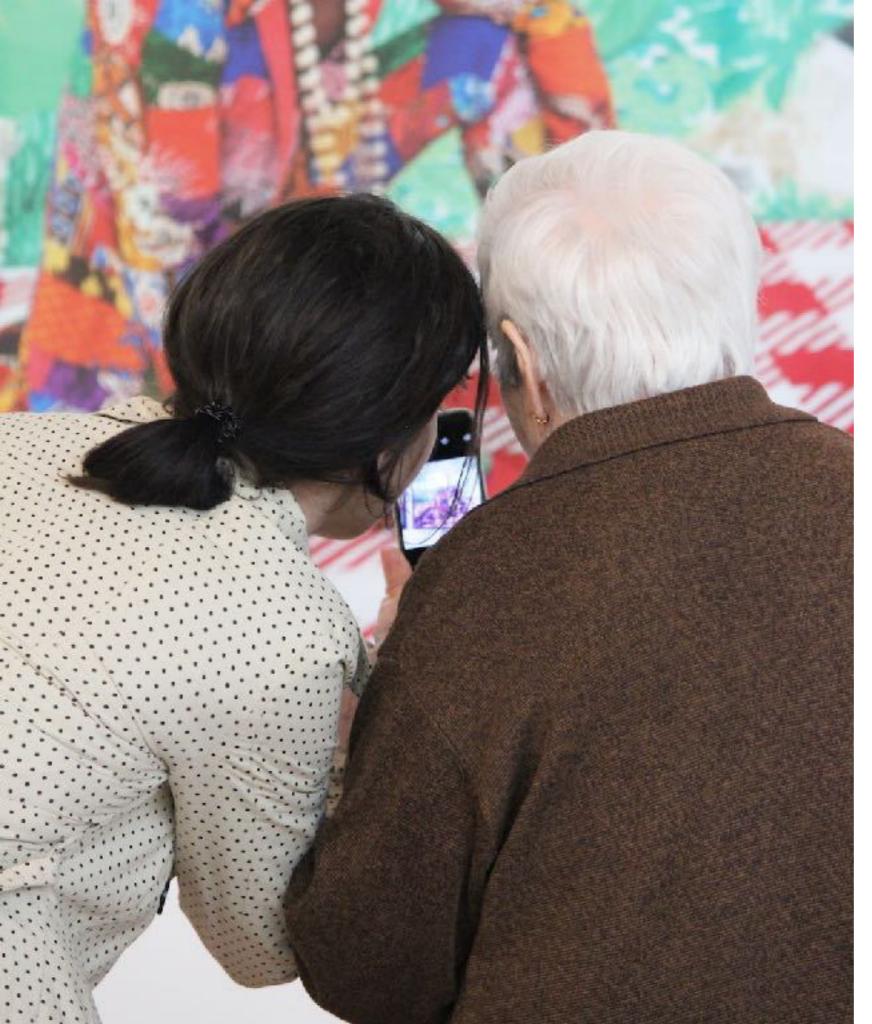




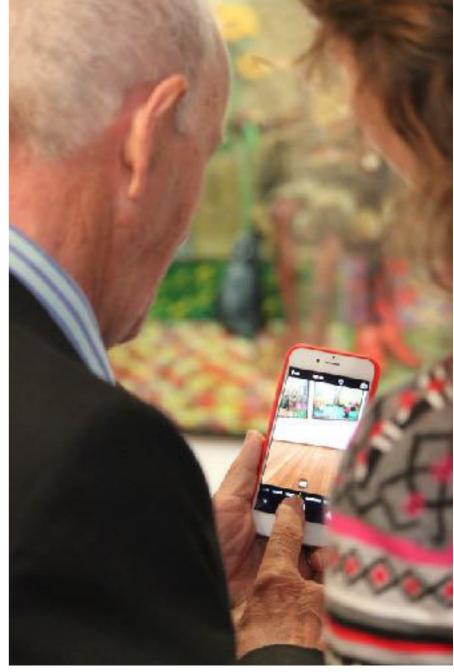








hopening Dementia

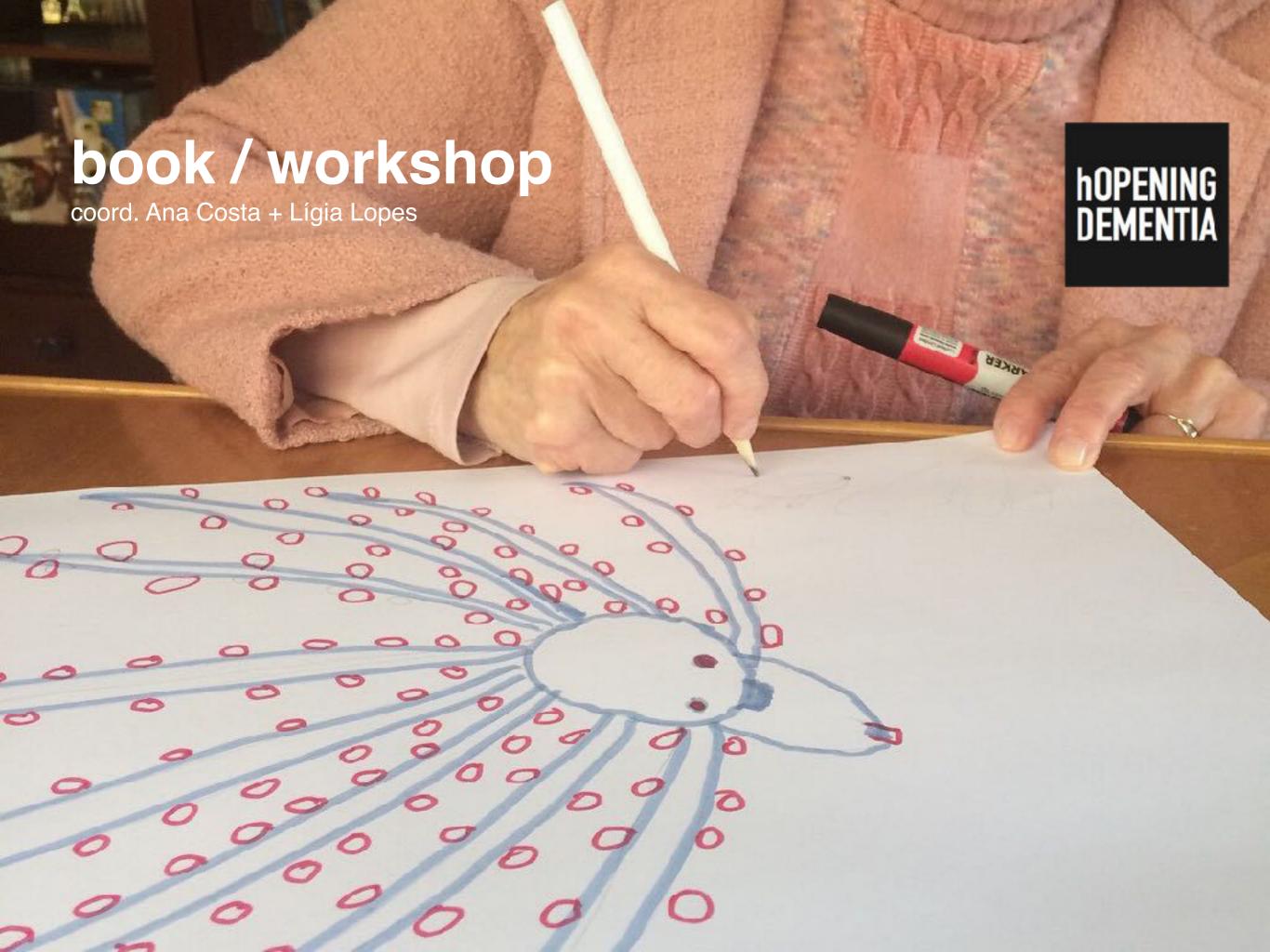


















THE FUTURE NOW!

A VISION OF THE
FUTURE FOR
SALVADOR BRANDÃO
RESIDENCE



O FUTURO AGORA! UMA VISÃO PARAO EQUIPAMENTO SOCIAL SALVADOR BRANDÃO











1.
HOW CAN WE CONTROL, PREVENT AND MANAGE THE
EXPECTATIONS OF THE TEAMS OF DESIGNERS AND DESIGNERSPARTNERS IN CO-CREATIVE PROJECTS?





2.

WHAT ARE THE LIMITS OF THE DESIGNER'S CREATIVE CONTAMINATION IN CO-CREATIVE PROCESSES?





3.

THE DIMENSION OF THE TIME FACTOR: HOW DO WE MEASURE THE TIME OF THE DESIGN PROJECT (AND OF DESIGNERS) ACCORDING TO THE TIME OF OTHERS?





4.

ANTICIPATION SCENARIOS FOR CHANGE:

- a) WHAT DO WE WANT TO ANTICIPATE?
- b) WHAT CHANGES ARE WITHIN THE DESIGN(ERS) SCOPE?
- c) ANTICIPATING, ARE WE LIVING IN THE PRESENT OR IN THE FUTURE?
- d) WHAT WE ARE DOING REGARDING POLICY DESIGN?

*IF WE WANT TO WORK ON ANTICIPATION SCENARIOS, IT FORCES US TO TAKE MORE POLITICAL POSITIONS





RESISTENCE

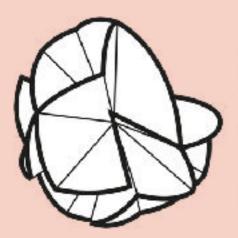




"Diseño como práctica hoy:
resistir a la expropiación del futuro"
"Design as practice today:
resisting the expropriation of the future"

Gui Bonsiepe, 2022*





8th International Forum of Design as a Process

Disrupting Geographies in the Design World

THANK YOU! OBRIGADA! GRAZIE!

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